

The Stark Democrat.

VOL. 47. NO. 29.

CANTON, OHIO, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1880.

\$2.00 PER YEAR

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Wordman, a married man, shot his paramour, Miss Pinkham, at Lawrence, Mass. Saturday night.

Big feature of last week's Wall street stock market was the tumble of Western union from 90 1/2 to 82.

Justice Strong retires from the supreme bench to become counsel for the P. & R. railroad company.

Payne's Oklahoma settlers are "treating it" along one side of the territorial line, and the U. S. troops the other.

Schurz has written a letter to Governor Lord, of Massachusetts, laying the blame of the abuse of the Ponca Indians on Congress.

Mormons declare that they have more faith in the Lord than in old Hayes, and questions of polygamy should be left to their own jury.

Charles D. Fisher's \$20,000 house burned at Baltimore Tuesday, and Mary Tasker and Peter Diggs jumped from the fifth story window, and were instantly killed.

Big gang of counterfeiters arrested in New York. Detectives tried to get a photo of one named Yates, and Yates stabbed one of the detectives in the neck fatally.

July in the case of Dr. Charles Earl the Chicago abortionist, after being out fifty hours returned a verdict of guilty this morning, with sentence of five years in the Penitentiary.

Arthur Howard, William Smith and M. L. Snell were arrested at Leadville for the forgery of the name of H. Foss, a prominent business man to checks aggregating \$6,000.

Moses Jackson and Anderson Glenn, both colored roustabouts, quarreled last evening at Cairo, Ill., and Glenn plunged his pocket knife seven times into Justice's chest, killing him. Glenn is under arrest.

The combined anthracite coal interests agreed to a plan of operations governing the winter months, whereby the companies will work three days in each week beginning next week, during December and January, and February if necessary.

Pennacola, Florida, was about wiped out by fire Friday night.

The committee of Jay Cooke's creditors has made a fourth distribution of five per cent in scrip and two per cent in cash.

Tommy Nichol, Mr. Sherman's advance agent, has been arrested at Columbus and opened up a "grocery."

General Schofield will have a new division made for him, composed of Texas, Arizona and a part of Missouri, where he will go into exile for saying that a colored cadet who cut his own ears off is no better than a white cadet.

Sunset Cox has got a bill through the house for another Washington monument, to be erected in New York. Gabriel will blow his trumpet for the final opening of accounts about the time the foundation is completed.

Three men found frozen to death in New York Saturday. H. Volenberg, a tailor froze to death in his room because he had no fire. Patrick Smith got drunk and froze on the street, and Eugene Connelly, an old man, also got intoxicated and was found dead on his own doorstep.

The hat for the presidential pauper fund is now going around in Boston. Loyal organs there are importing the people to throw it liberally to keep the great dead beat from starving. Anything from a \$50,000 check to a nickel may be put into the hat.

Affairs are getting critical on the Indian Territory border. Captain Payne and his band of soldiers are armed to the teeth and announce that they are going to take possession of the Indian lands, the proclamation of Mr. Hayes to the contrary notwithstanding. There are about 1,500 of them, mostly people from the drought stricken portions of Kansas, and they look with a longing gaze at the fertile lands of Oklahoma. If the efforts of the settlers are opposed by the military it is feared there will be bloodshed.

BRIEFS BY WIRE.

Grant arrived at Washington Monday.

The coffee trade in the east is stagnant in consequence of recent failures.

It is said that Gould has purchased the controlling interest in the Iron Mountain railroad.

Since January 1st eight failures have occurred in the coffee and tea trade of New York.

The official vote of Texas is 55,000.

Hancock's majority in the State is 85,000.

During the past week five United States officers have been killed in the west by illicit distillers.

Chief Medicine Bull was accidentally shot by the discharge of the revolver of Mr. Beverly, agency clerk at the Brule agency. His injuries are not serious.

On Monday, United States Marshal, L. C. Lullery of Cincinnati, arrested P. B. Conn, proprietor of the Steubenville Hotel, on a charge of using the United States mails for the transmission of obscene and libelous matter.

The funeral of two of the firemen burned to death on last Saturday night at Cincinnati, took place Monday morning and were largely attended. Three others were buried Sunday afternoon. Private individuals are contributing for the benefit of their families.

Judge Downing of New York, Monday refused to quash the indictment for libel, on the grounds of misjoinder, against Chas. A. Byrne, Louis A. Post and Joseph Hart, editors and proprietors of the Truth and Kindred Philip, for writing and publishing an editorial libeling Gen. Grifield.

Police Justice Smith of New York, on Monday ordered the discharge of Chas. Feltman Clinton alias Lord Corbett, in custody on a charge of obtaining money on false pretences. He was subsequently arrested and taken to Utah where he is wanted to answer a charge of forgery.

At Dubuque, Monday morning, Hiram S. Holdbrook, local agent of the American Express Co. while lying in bed, fired a bullet into the brain of his sleeping daughter, two years old, who was in a crib by his side, and then shot himself in the head. He was in poor health and was naturally sensitive, which are the only cause known for his rash act. His wife had left him only fifteen minutes before he prepared breakfast. Holdbrook died in three hours and the child cannot survive the day.

Railroad Commissioner Borecher of San Francisco, was shot and killed Monday evening by Antonio Funcher, President of the German Workingmen's club. The murder was the result of an election feud.

Several of the Jesuits expelled from France have reached Montreal, and in the spring will go to farming a tract, on a tract of eight hundred acres provided for them by the Seminary of St. Sulpice.

Secretary Thompson, of the Navy, has definitely accepted the chartered ship, the American, for the Committee of the Panama Canal Company. The subscriptions to the enterprise in the different countries are more than double the amount required.

Mathew Miller and Sylvester Webster, colored, quarreled at a church door in Pleasant Ridge Park, Ky., the other night, when Webster shot Miller fatally.

Steamer Batavia brought \$1,899,470 British gold into New York Saturday. During the week \$4,124,990 in silver has arrived.

Henry Enderle, formerly Swiss consul at Chicago, charged with swindling his countrymen in Michigan out of \$8,000 which he held in trust for them.

Baggage and express car on the Cincinnati Southern railroad burned at La Grange, Kentucky Monday. All trunks burned except found much valuable property lost.

FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

FITZ JOHN PORTER'S CASE DISCUSSED IN THE SENATE.

SENATE.

Washington, Dec. 9.—On motion of Mr. Pendleton the portion of Mr. Hayes's message that related to civil service reform and the non-assessment of employees for political purposes was referred to a select committee, to report at an early day. It was ordered that the adjournment of the Senate be until Monday. Mr. Pendleton introduced a joint resolution providing for obtaining privilege from the British government to construct a public road from the Canadian line of the United States to Fort Wrangell and Sitka in Alaska. The bill for the sale of the remainder of the Otoe and Missouri Indian reservations in Kansas and Nebraska was discussed after which the Senate adjourned to Monday.

HOUSE.

The fortification appropriation bill was reported and ordered printed. Appropriates \$100,000 for repairs and protection of fortifications and \$50,000 for torpedoes.

Mr. Kelley of Pennsylvania, offered a bill to repeal the tax on bank checks, medicines, friction matches, bank capital and bank deposits.

Mr. Aldrich introduced a bill amending the law in relation to tax on savings banks.

The remainder of the session was taken up in discussing the electoral college resolution.

Washington, Dec. 10.—Mr. Hubbell, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported the Pension Appropriation bill. Ordered printed and re-committed. (It appropriates \$48,400,000 for the payment of army pensions, \$1,100,000 for the payment of navy pensions, \$20,000 for the payment of fees to examining surgeons, and \$20,000 for the payment of salaries, etc.)

Mr. Bicknell called up on a privileged question the Senate concurrent resolution as to counting electoral votes.

Mr. Bright raised a question of consideration and the House refused to consider the resolution.

Mr. Sherman moved to reconsider the vote by which the House yesterday referred to the Committee on Claims a letter from the Acting Secretary of the Treasury transmitting a list of claims arising under the act of July 4th, 1864. After some discussion the motion was agreed to and the bill was referred to the Committee on War Claims.

Representative Shelly, from the Committee on Postoffice and Post Roads, reported to the House to-day his bill providing for the establishment of lines of mail steamers between the ports of the United States and South American, Central American, Mexican and Trans-Pacific ports. The bill, with an accompanying favorable report, was ordered printed and re-committed to the Committee. The report was adopted by the Committee at the last session of Congress and published at the time. It is the intention of the Committee to report the bill finally to the House at an early day and urge its passage.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole. Mr. Sparks in the Chair, on the private calendar. At 3:30 the committee rose and several bills of private nature were passed.

The Speaker laid before the house the following communications: From Gambetta, President of the French Chamber of Deputies in regard to the exchange of documents between that body and the United States House of Representatives. Referred.

A letter from the Secretary of the State transmitting two additional volumes of speeches of M. Thiers, presented by Madame Thiers. Laid on the table.

Mr. Hitt moved the adjournment to-day be until Monday. This motion was opposed by a number of Democrats, but was finally carried, yeas 106, nays 69.

SENATE.

Washington, December 13.—On motion of Mr. Randolph the bill for the relief of Fitz John Porter was taken up—yeas 25—nays 25—party vote, except that of Hoor, who voted aye.

Mr. Randolph offered the amendment announced by him a few days ago.

Mr. Edmunds moved to amend by limiting to one year from the passage of the bill the time within which Porter's restoration to the army was to be made, but that if the present or next President should not see fit to restore him the bill should not live until future administrations. This was rejected by a party vote, except that of Davis of Illinois, and McDonald, who voted aye.

Mr. Carpenter then argued against the power of Congress to revoke the sentence of a court martial or reinstate in the army persons who had been expelled.

Mr. McDonald believed Congress had the plenary power over everything connected with the army. Mr. Harford took this position also, and repeated Carpenter's doctrine as subversive of military to civil power. In this connection he referred to the recommendation, in the President's message that the office of Captain General be created and coupled Gen. Grant's name with quotations.

Mr. Thurman replied to Carpenter's argument. Stated as his opinion that the court martial had no right to impose disqualification to hold office, and that it is no infringement upon the pardon power for Congress to provide that a man shall be subject to military duty.

The debate was continued at considerable length by Senators Thurman, Carpenter, Vorhees, McDonald and Logan, after which Mr. Davis of Illinois, moved to go into executive session.

Mr. Randolph hoped debate on the bill might not be interrupted. He had hoped for a final vote on the measure to-day, unless some understanding could be had as to the time debate should close.

Mr. Edmunds opposed the agreement, the effect of which was to limit debate.

Mr. Randall withdrew his suggestion, and after an executive session the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

In the House to-day Mr. Townsend of Ohio, presented the credentials of E. B. Taylor as member-elect from the Nineteenth district of Ohio, President-elect Garfield's district.

Mr. Hurd of Ohio, the credentials having been read, objected to Mr. Taylor being sworn in, and moved that the credentials be referred to the Committee on Elections.

Mr. McKinley of Ohio—On what grounds?

Mr. Hurd stated that on the 15th of May, 1878, a law had been passed by the Ohio Legislature electing the 19th district.

Mr. Hurd (interrupting). The certificate of election is irregular on its face, is it not?

Mr. Hurd—I take it, it is not. Proceeding, he said Gen. Garfield had been elected from the 19th district as it had been composed under the law of 1878 had been repealed and a new district created. The ground upon which Taylor rested his claim was that the vacancy which had been created by the resignation of Garfield from the old 19th district might be filled by an election held within the territory which had formerly composed the district, and therefore, on the face of the certificate it was patent that Taylor had no right to sit in the House. The whole trouble was the Legislature of Ohio, which had passed a law whereby 380,000 people would have 13 representatives in the next Congress, while 300,000 would only have five representatives, without making a provision for vacancies. Let the Legislature of Ohio bear the blame, and let the House rest a man from a district which had no right to elect him.

A DEMOCRATIC VICTORY IN BOSTON.

Boston, Mass., Dec. 14.—After one of the hardest municipal contests ever waged here, Fredrick O. Prince was to-day again triumphantly elected as Mayor of Boston. The Republicans brought into issue the question of increased taxation, but confused the most of their exertions to slandering and heaping abuse of the vilest nature on the head of the Democratic candidate.

They charged Prince with dishonesty, and by means of circulars to citizens attempted to create a feeling against him because he signed with Brewster the circular of the National Committee relative to the genuineness of the Mower letter. Money was used, was one of the chief implements used to accomplish his defeat to-day, but the Democrats rallied and defeated their purpose electing him by 750 majority.

Eight out of the twelve Aldermen elected are Democrats, but Council is Republican. In an interview with Prince late to-night, he said that to-day's triumph was a vindication of his own character and record, and a rebuke to those who had wronged and maligned him.

By Mr. Meyer—Calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for information as to what sum or sums of money were paid to U. S. Grant by the United States from the time of entering the Military Academy at West Point until his first resignation from the regular army in 18—; also the sum or sums of money paid him from the time of entering the military service in Illinois in 1861, until he resigned in 1868, such statement to be in detail, covering all payments of every description made to said U. S. Grant, and also what moneys were paid to him during his term as President of the United States from March 4, 1869, to March 3, 1877, inclusive.

By Mr. Warner—Providing for a commission of five representatives, four Senators and five ex-officio, to revise and readjust the tariff.

Mr. Perkins offered the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the sympathy of this House is hereby extended to the unhappy laboring classes of Ireland in its effort to effect reform in the present oppressive tenant system prevailing in that country.

Mr. Bicknell then called up the Electoral College resolution.

Mr. Wood said that seeing there was no possibility of a speedy termination of the pending debate, he would move that the House go into committee on the Finding bill. I give notice that after to-day I shall insist on the question being taken up by motion.

Mr. Conger—Why not press the question now? We are prepared to aid you.

Mr. Wood—As a matter of courtesy, I am willing to allow the gentlemen on that side to make another speech on the Electoral resolution.

Mr. Conger hoped the gentleman's courtesy would not permit him to defeat an important measure.

Mr. Wood declined to be lectured as to his duty by the gentleman.

The House then resumed consideration of the Electoral College resolution, and was addressed by Mr. White.

Mr. Freling (Dem. O.) said he had no doubt that if it were not a Republican in either house of Congress on the 4th of March, 1860, Mr. Garfield would be inaugurated President of the United States, and he, therefore, could not understand why it was that the Republican party had combined to defeat the passage of the resolution. But he wished to speak particularly to his own party. The Republicans were determined to oppose the resolution and fritter away the time and the Democrats must meet with their eyes open.

The Democrats of the House had invariably gone back on their prophecies and made a laughing stock of the Democratic party. It was not because the right was on the other side, but because his side had not the backbone to stick to the right. Now, he was willing to go hand and glove with the gentleman having charge of the present resolution, but if he began to fight he was ready to stand here until Garfield should blow his trumpet or the resolution should be acted upon, if no other business was done in the meantime. Either back out now or start in and stay to the end.

Mr. Davis (Dem. N. C.) assured the Republicans that the Democratic party would not follow the wicked example set in 1877.

After some further debate the subject was dropped and the House adjourned.

MOVEMENT TO PARDON A REPUBLICAN CRIMINAL.

(Special Correspondence of the Pittsburg Post.)

Warren, Ohio, December 7.—Some of the friends of George B. Kennedy, the defaulting and fraudulent of Trumbull county, held a meeting to consider and act on a resolution to procure his pardon from the Penitentiary, where he is serving out a term of three years. It was decided to circulate a petition for signatures, and confidence was expressed that if proper representations were made to Governor Foster, backed by a numerously signed petition, that there was no doubt of success. The only anxiety seemed to be as to how Mr. Peterson of the Tribune, regarded it—whether he would give it his approval or remain silent. He might create an unpleasantness by stirring up the rural kickers. All the expressions of sympathy were on behalf of Kennedy's wife. There is a good deal of maudlin sentiment exhibited over this Republican official who has stolen more than all the horse thieves and burglars taken together, ever sentenced from this county. When after several efforts a conviction that would stick was procured by a compromise, the sentence was almost unanimously regarded as trifling compared with the offense, taking the intelligence and standing of the culprit into account. The only palliating fact in the case is, that he was not much worse than other officials that were associated with him, and who were allowed to retain their ill-gotten plunder to the treasury and go scot free.

DUTY LIES NAILED.

St. Paul, Dec. 13.—Charges having been made of mismanagement and suffering in Conemaugh colony, Gov. Pillsbury has sent a committee headed by Bishop Ireland, to investigate. Dillon O'Brien says that great difficulty was experienced in getting the colonists to prepare for cold weather, but that the accounts of suffering are greatly exaggerated, as the \$5000 donated by the Irishmen of Minnesota has been judiciously expended for food, fuel and domestic utensils, while large quantities of flour, meat, potatoes, wood, etc., have been provided for them through the exertions of Bishop Ireland.

WILL VOTE AS HE PREACHED.

New York, Dec. 13.—The tabernacle pulpit in Brooklyn, in the absence of Rev. Talmage, was filled yesterday by Rev. Congressman J. Hyatt Smith, who said: "I have been found fault with for giving up my pulpit in order to go to Congress. Now this is a great mistake. I am not going to give up my pulpit. I am only going to enlarge it. I shall go to Congress to preach sermons to my works, by doing my duty as a representative independent of all party claims for the best interest of God and my fellow man." This declaration was received by the Tabernacle flock with great applause. It is said the flock has some notion of running Talmage for Congress next year.

A NOTED DESPERADO LYNCHED IN NEVADA.

Belleville, Nevada, Dec. 10.—Charles Marshall, a noted desperado, on Tuesday night last brutally murdered an inoffensive old man named Jack McCann, who was first shot and then kicked until he was dead. This morning, while the Sheriff was starting with his prisoner for Aurora, the county seat, a party of citizens rushed upon the Sheriff and his posse and forcibly took Marshall from their custody. The prisoner was then consigned to the hands of the mob.

FOREIGN NEWS.

THE LAND WAR IN IRELAND.

Mr. Forster Exciting Magistrates to Greater Activity.

London, Dec. 12.—A Dublin dispatch to the Times says: "The Land League is conducting the campaign in the north with considerable skill, modifying its program and proceeding to avoid offending the prejudices of the people of Ulster. In that province there is quite a different tone in their speeches from that prevailing in other parts of the country with the view of conciliating Presbyterians, Liberals and Orangemen. The system of 'Boycotting' has been applied to six detachments of constabulary in different parts of Ireland."

Mr. Forster, Chief Secretary for Ireland, has issued a memorandum to the magistrates, pointing out that under certain acts of Parliament persons assembling armed or disguised or assuming the name of any society to the terror of her Majesty's subjects are guilty of high misdemeanor, rendering them liable to imprisonment, as are also those who, by threats, endeavor to compel any person to quit employment, or publish or write anything calculated to incite a riot or unlawful assembly. All magistrates and constables are bound to apprehend, oppress, and disperse persons engaging in these practices, and they can command all persons to assist them. Any two magistrates can bind over persons whom they have reason to suspect of even an intention to participate in unlawful proceedings or assembly, or in case of refusal to be bound over they can commit them to jail. They can bind over any persons whom they believe can give evidence relative to such proceedings, and if they refuse to be bound over or to give evidence they can commit them to jail.

The correspondent of the Times at Dublin, commenting on the above says: "The truth is, the magistrates, agents, and landlords generally are panic stricken, and do not venture to enforce the law. A prosecution brought by the Attorney General at Ballinasloe and another in Sligo have broken down, which has had a discouraging effect. There is also a difficulty about treating Land League meetings as unlawful assemblies. The magistrates do not feel justified in regarding the threat to 'Boycott' as coming within the act, as it does not imply violence."

PARKS' TRIAL FOR MURDER.

Warren, Dec. 4.—The trial of Darius Parks for murder attracted increased attendance of the curious at the Criminal Pleas Court to-day. At 2 p. m. the witnesses for the State had all been examined and Parks was put upon the stand. His story is corroborative of what has been published regarding the shooting affray. He found McDonald in the act of outraging his wife, and ordered him from the house, telling him not to return or he would shoot him. McDonald did not return, and Parks, true to his word, pulled the trigger, and the load was emptied into the body of McDonald. The court room was crowded. T. I. Glimmer assisted the Prosecutor and Calhoun and Brown conduct the defense.

DEFAULTER AND WIFE DESENDER ARRESTED.

Crescent, Dec. 14.—A man stopped at the Thrallville House ten days ago with a sick woman who he said was his wife. To-day he was arrested on a charge that he had taken the man who a few weeks ago deserted a wife and two children at Kittingan, Pa., and took a "strange woman and \$500 of a company's money with him."

THE IRISH REVOLT.

LAND LEAGUE GOVERNMENT SUPERSEDING THE IMPERIAL POWER.

London, Dec. 13.—A Dublin dispatch to the Times says: "It is hardly correct to say that anarchy prevails in Ireland, for there is a very distinct and potent Government which is rapidly superseding the Imperial Government and is obtaining the ascendancy. It rules with an iron hand and promptitude which enforces instant obedience. Its code is clear; its executive is regular; the machinery is complete, and its action uniform. There is a government *de facto* and a government *de jure*, the former wielding power which is felt and feared, and the latter exhibiting only pomp, but little reality of power; the former a terror to well doers, the latter a terror to evil doers. The law of the Land League is becoming the law of the land, and while the law of the State is costly and to a large extent suspended, the new law is effectively administered cheaply and conveniently. League courts are springing up in various places and the people are instructed to have their disputes decided by such courts and to go no more to the assizes. The local magistrates in the West of Ireland have lately been surprised to find no cases brought before them except by the police. The people have been for some time advised to take this course, but they are now beginning to act thereon. As a rule the penalties which said courts have power of inflicting, are regarded with more dread than those imposed under the statutes."

LAND LEAGUE TAXES.

Another function of the new Government, levying of taxes, is most effectively fulfilled. No one assigned by law is half so promptly paid as the tax which the League imposes. Licenses to sell at fairs and in markets are required by the new Government, and their production is enforced by a summary process. The only element wanting to constitute the new Government a body of the country is a standing army, but the materials for one are at hand and are being fitted for use when called upon. The knowledge of this fact creates deeper alarm, because with an armed and disaffected population around them the local subjects of the Queen, in many places, believe that the danger which lurks beneath it is more formidable than visible terror. This fear is rather confirmed than allayed by the military preparations of the Government and the arrival of the first battalion of the Coldstream Guard and an order for two more regiments of troops indicate on the part of the authorities consciousness of impending danger.

AN IRISH FIGHT.

Dublin, Dec. 11.—Intelligence was received this morning from Limerick to the effect that the constabulary while on duty in that vicinity last night were attacked by a disguised and armed party proving about as tough bound upon some kind of mischief or crime. The constabulary halted them and demanded an explanation. The men who were presumed to be the leaders of the party refused to disclose their names or purpose, whereupon the constabulary undertook to arrest them. Vigorous resistance offered, and a fight ensued, in which the officers fired upon the party wounding several of them. This so demoralized the crowd that a few arrests were finally made.

PERSONAL VARIETY.

Elijah Rinner in the eastern part of Holmes Co. was attacked by a vicious bull last week and was somewhat injured. He finally struck the animal in the head with a stone and killed him.

Mary Hays of Carrollton was bound over to Court last week for attacking a neighbor with an ax.

Stock is being subscribed in New York for the Panama Canal, some five millions are already subscribed.

John Kelly loses \$50,000 a year by losing the New York Comptrollership.

Wm. Koch and John Owens fell through an air hole in Sandusky bay Monday evening and were drowned.

D. C. Ireson of Connelleville, Pa. went to Scotland to look after an estate which he thought he might have inherited. He arrived just in time to listen to positive testimony that he was dead, saw the perjurers sentenced to 12 years, and returned home with \$100,000 in cash as his inheritance.

A subscriber wants to know "how to rot plants for the winter." The best way to procure a pot large enough to hold all the plants, and pitch 'em in, cover with dirt and set the pot in one corner of the yard until springtime comes, gentle Annie! Every plant may be as dead as Julius Caesar; but this is better than to carry \$5 worth of plants in the gutter in the fall and bestow \$50 worth of labor and attention on them during the winter.—Norristown Herald.

Tom Marshall was using quite abusive language in a Kentucky court at one time, and the judge, after one or two reprimands, fined him \$10 for contempt. Mr. Marshall looked at the judge with a smile and asked where he was to get the money, as he had not a red. "Borrow it of a friend," said the court. "Well, sir," answered Mr. Marshall, "you are the best friend I have; you lend me the money!" "Mr. Clerk," said the judge, "you may recall the fine. The State is a friend."

More earthquakes at Agram in Croatia. Great rumbling, and the people are panic stricken.

STATE AND NEIGHBORHOOD.

Peter Lattimer, 99 years and nine months old died at Columbus Sunday.

S. Andrews' carriage shop burned at Medina, Saturday; insurance \$1,000.

L. S. Ward lost a team of horses at Ravenna Saturday by letting them to two unknown men.

Mrs. Hanlon of Missouri, visiting at Marietta, saw her little boy's head severed from his body by the car Saturday.

The jury in the Peol murder case at Columbus came in at 11:45 a. m. with a verdict of manslaughter. Should have been woman-slaughter.

Lake Shore train 36 didn't get out of the way of train 40 at Vermillion, Saturday, and John Farrar, a Toledo brakeman was injured.

A Wellville belle gave Phil White the mitten last Sunday night and allowed Ed. Dickey to see her home. White, black with rage, felled Dickey to the ground with a club.

Anton Beckert, a sewing machine agent from Mt. Eaton, has been arrested on the charge of forgery and embezzlement. He was bound over to court and failing to give bonds was remanded to jail until his trial can take place.

James Watkins, tax collector of Meadville, Pa. behind in his accounts, to the amount of \$85,000, is feared, and a bullet through his head. He didn't do a good job, and at first claimed he had fallen against a stump. He may die.

Saturday night five firemen were roasted alive at Cincinnati before the eyes of their comrades. Their names were Wm. Kelley, David Love, Tom Cooling, Andrew Parker and Andy Barrett. Kelley leaves four children, Barrett a wife and one child, and Parker a wife and one child. The five men, headed by their chief, attempted to penetrate the second story of the Crown manufacturing building. The chief came out alive, but the others were suffocated and their bodies dropped down through the burning floor and were slowly roasted. It was nearly an hour before the limber trunks were extinguished and borne home to their distressed families.

Lancaster, December 11.—Suspensions that some thing was wrong were aroused in the mind of Bob Dean, express messenger on the Columbus & Hooking Valley Railroad, this morning, while the morning passenger train was here, by an offensive stench which pervaded the baggage car. Investigation revealed in a trunk shipped from Logan by a couple of men the dead body of a young woman. Dean said he would have the parties arrested on the train's arrival at Columbus, and telegraphed the authorities there to be in readiness.

Two young ladies, of Delaware, were in their buggy and the buggy was on the railroad track. A train was also there and the buggy is now kindling wood, the horse soap grease and fertilizer, and one young lady is dead and the other broken in regard to her bones.

In the neighborhood of Oberlin, two missionaries of the church of Brigham Young have set up the standard and are preaching the gospel according to Joseph Smith, with success that is alarming the pious folks of Oberlin. Many converts are reported.

An old gentleman named Peters was knocked down and robbed on the streets of Columbus. This sort of thing seems to be the regular program almost daily in the cities. It will be necessary pretty soon for people who go about the streets to have their heads in a clad.

A racket in Columbus Sunday over the arrest of two medical students who had a corpse in a trunk. Doctors raised a row over it and proved that it was just a lawful subject for dissection because the unfortunate person whose mortal coil it was, had died in the Athens county poorhouse. The body was for the Sterling Medical College and the doctors will prosecute the police officers who made the arrest.

Georgia Railroad Commission has fixed passenger rates on roads in that state at three cents per mile. Much squirming by the railroads.

Records of the Pensacola Custom House were burned Monday night.

"Thrashing by steam," murmured a fond mother as she glanced at an article in an agricultural paper. "What git-ups they do have nowadays. If I had one of those steam thrashers for my four boys, my arms wouldn't be so rheumatically as they are to-day," and she dreamily thought of the past as it might be.

When a shivering canal driver at Seneca Falls was asked if he was compelled to drive for a living or did he do it from choice, he replied: "I have no father or mother, and I have to do this or worse, and maybe I would starve if I didn't!" "But are you not afraid you will be sick and die?" When he replied: "Oh, no! I am used to it, and then wasn't General Garfield a driver once, and I can stand it if he could."

COMMON PLEAS COURT.

H. K. Dickey & Co. vs Sebastian Smith et al. Sale confirmed and deed ordered.